

Medical Hypnosis Workshop

Thank you for attending this training

MANAGING MEDICAL CONDITIONS

UTILIZING FOR SKILLS AND TALENT TO ASSIST IN HELPING PEOPLE WITH VARIOUS MEDICAL ILLNESSES

WINSTON TASTES GOOD

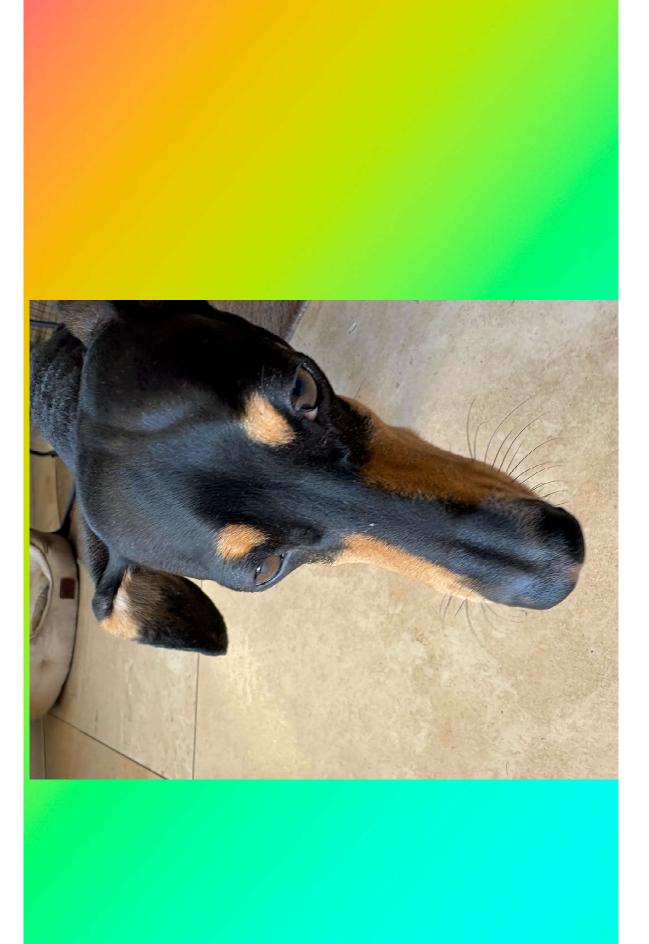
GOOD TO MEET YOU

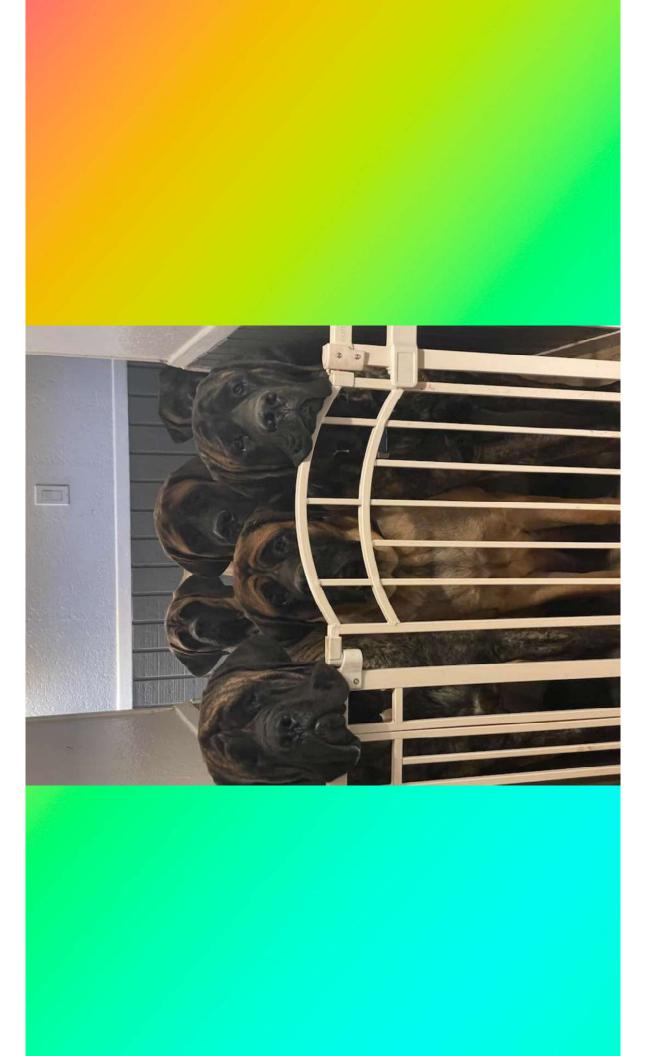
PERFECT DAY YOU CAN'T LIVE A

UNTIL YOU DO SOMETHING FOR SOMEONE

WHO WILL NEVER BE ABLE TO REPAY YOU

-JOHN WOODEN



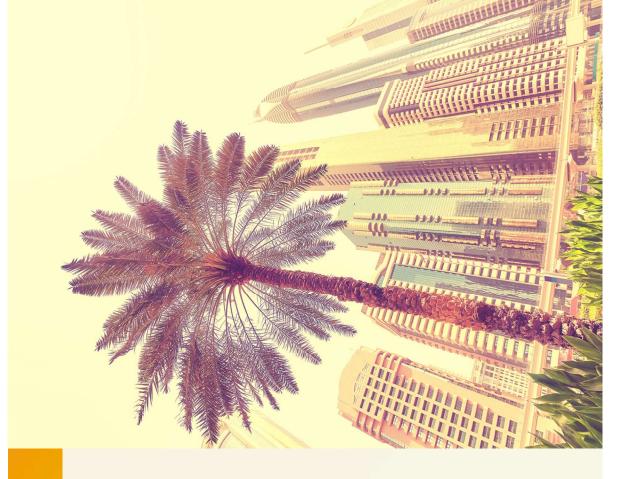




TAKE A MOMEN T AND GET TO YOUR RELAXING PLACE

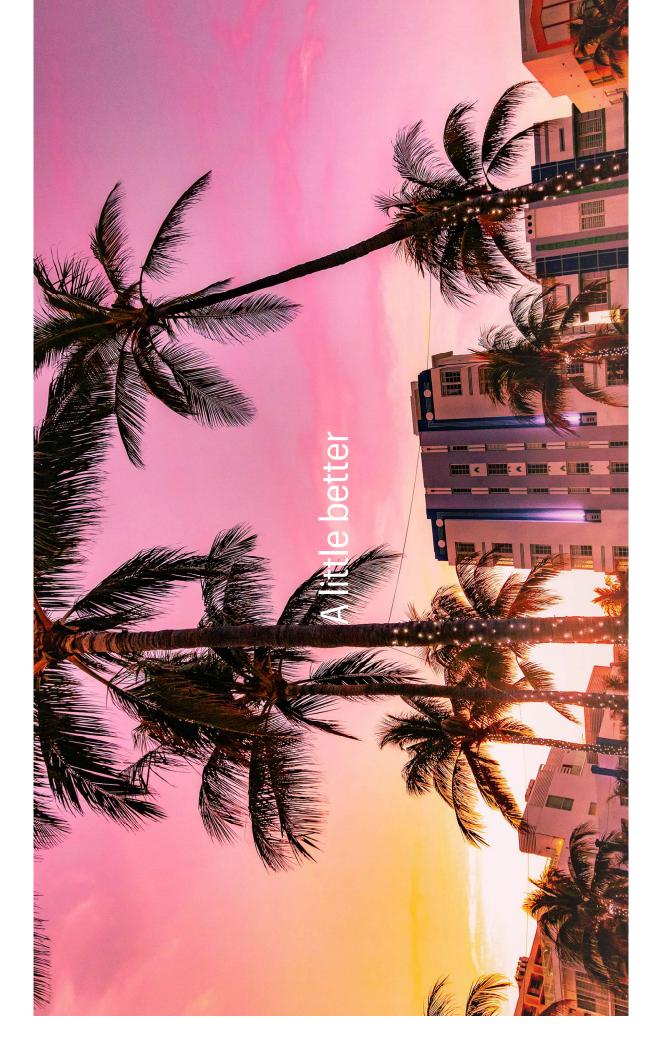


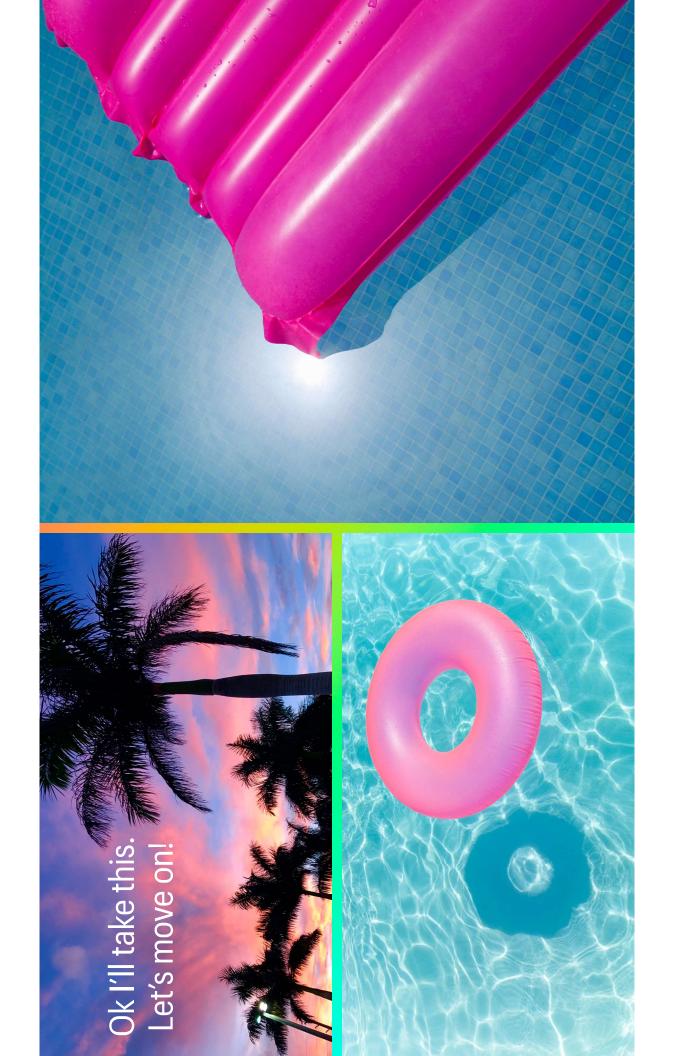


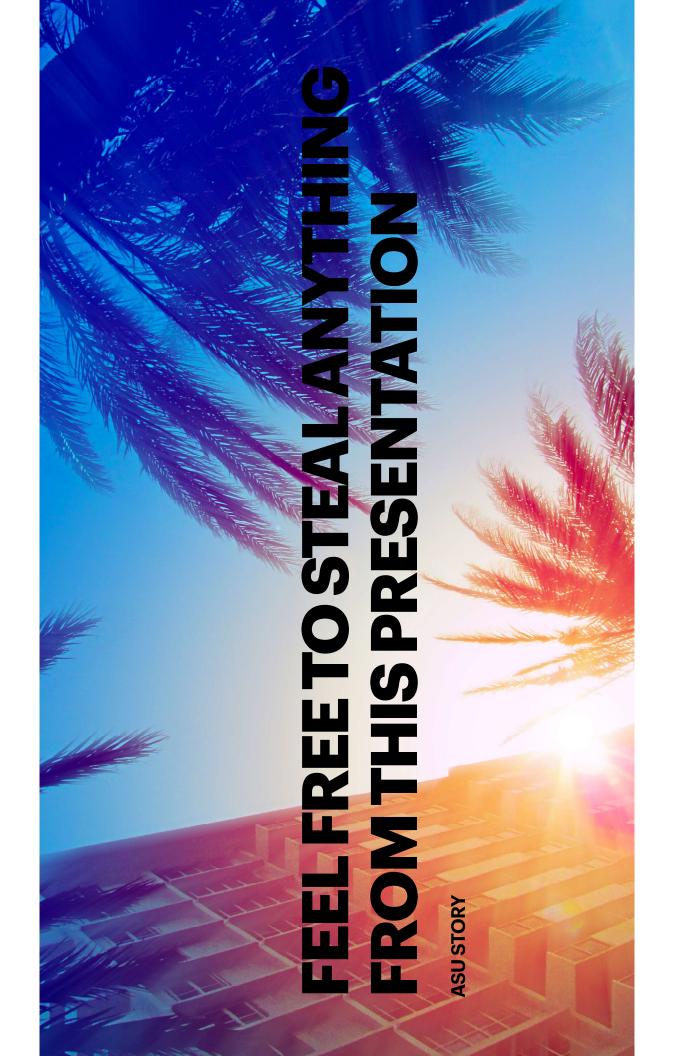


HOPE YOU DID BETTER THAN THIS

MAKE SURE YOUR CLIENTS DID:









Tell me, what is stopping you?



to a qualified hypnotherapist may be reasonable, based on evidence behavioral changes. Following is a list of conditions where referral treatment but can be useful in managing symptoms or supporting As a family doctor, referring patients to a hypnotherapist can be considered for specific medical conditions where hypnosis has Hypnotherapy is not a replacement for conventional medical shown potential benefits, often as a complementary therapy. and clinical guidelines:



Chronic Pain Management:

- •Conditions like fibromyalgia, migraines, tension headaches, or chronic lower back pain.
- (e.g., American Psychological Association recognizes improve coping mechanisms, as supported by studies Hypnotherapy can help reduce pain perception and hypnosis for pain relief).









Anxiety and Stress-Related Disorders:

- Generalized anxiety disorder, social anxiety, or stressrelated symptoms.
- Hypnosis can promote relaxation and help patients develop strategies to manage anxiety triggers.



Sleep Disorders:

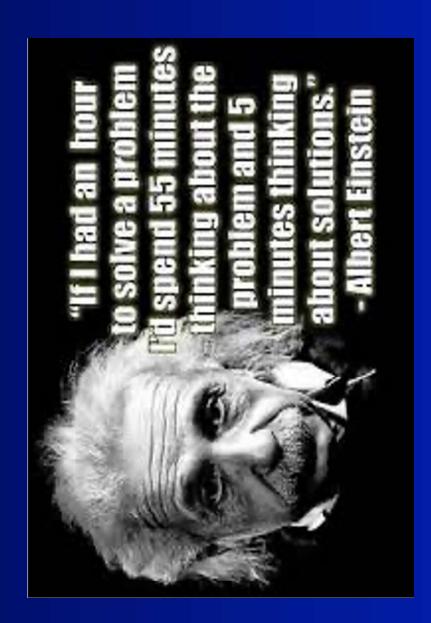
Insomnia or difficulty maintaining sleep.

Hypnotherapy may improve sleep quality by addressing underlying stress or behavioral patterns.

WHAT DO YOU WANT? WHAT DO YOU EXPECT FROM THIS WORKSHOP?

CAPTURE THE 6 MODALITIES







Irritable Bowel Syndrome (IBS):

Gut-directed hypnotherapy has evidence supporting its use for IBS symptom relief (e.g., reducing abdominal pain, bloating, and irregular bowel habits).

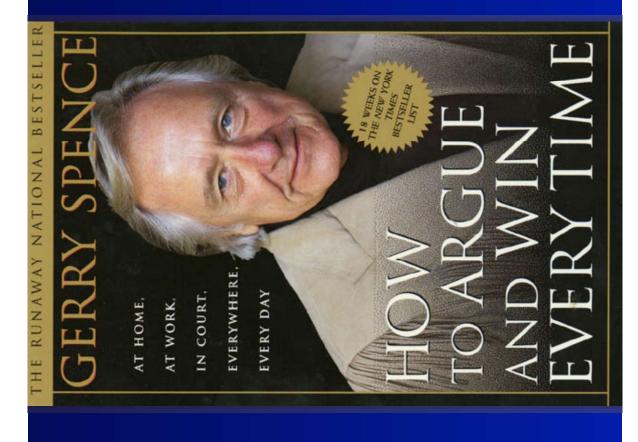


Smoking Cessation and Habit Control:

Nicotine dependence or other habitual behaviors (e.g., nail-biting, overeating).

Hypnotherapy can support motivation and reinforce behavioral changes, though results vary.







Phobias:

Specific phobias (e.g., fear of flying, needles, or dental procedures).

 Hypnosis can help desensitize patients to triggers and reduce fear responses.



Weight Management:

Obesity or difficulty adhering to weight loss programs.

Hypnotherapy may support lifestyle changes by addressing emotional eating or motivation.





Preparation for Medical Procedures:

Anxiety related to surgeries, dental work, or childbirth.

Hypnosis can reduce pre-procedure anxiety and, in some cases, decrease pain or anesthesia needs.



Psychosomatic Conditions:

- Conditions where psychological factors exacerbate physical symptoms (e.g., tension headaches, certain dermatological conditions like eczema).
- Hypnotherapy can address the mind-body connection.



Support for Chronic Illness Management:

- Conditions like cancer (for symptom management, not cure) or autoimmune disorders.
- Hypnosis may help with stress, pain, or side effects of treatments like chemotherapy.



• Traditional Medicine Has Several Caveats

- •Hypnotherapy is most effective when used as part of a multidisciplinary approach.
- •Ensure the hypnotherapist is licensed, certified, or accredited by a reputable organization
- •Patients should be open to hypnosis, as suggestibility and willingness impact outcomes.
- like psychosis or severe depression unless managed by a specialist. •It's less effective for those with severe mental health conditions



Contraindications:

disorders (e.g., schizophrenia) or those unable to engage Avoid referral for patients with severe psychiatric in focused attention.



Collaboration:

Communication between the hypnotherapist and treating physician to align goals with the patient's overall treatment plan.



Blood Pressure (Hypertension):

Potential Benefits:

- Hypnotherapy can promote relaxation and reduce stress, which is a known including hypnosis, may lower sympathetic nervous system activity, contributor to elevated blood pressure. Stress reduction techniques, potentially leading to modest reductions in blood pressure.
- diet, or sedentary behavior) that contribute to hypertension. For example, a statistically significant reductions in systolic and diastolic blood pressure. 2018 meta-analysis in Complementary Therapies in Medicine found that techniques, can help patients manage lifestyle factors (e.g., stress, poor Studies suggest that hypnosis, combined with cognitive-behavioral mind-body interventions, including hypnosis, showed small but
 - dietary modifications) by reinforcing motivation and addressing emotional Hypnotherapy may enhance adherence to lifestyle changes (e.g., exercise,



Blood Pressure (Hypertension):

Limitations:

- Medications, dietary changes (e.g., DASH diet), and exercise • Hypnotherapy is not a primary treatment for hypertension. remain first-line interventions.
- Effects are often modest and vary based on patient suggestibility and engagement.
- Evidence is limited compared to pharmacological treatments, and long-term benefits are unclear.



REGRESSION AND RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS





Asthma:

Potential Benefits:

- stress and anxiety, which can trigger or exacerbate asthma attacks. Relaxation techniques can improve breathing patterns and reduce Hypnotherapy may help manage asthma symptoms by reducing airway hyperresponsiveness.
- Some studies, such as a 1993 trial in *Thorax*, showed that hypnosis improved self-reported asthma symptoms, peak flow rates, and reduced bronchodilator use in some patients, particularly those with stress-related triggers.
- Hypnotherapy can teach patients techniques to calm themselves during early signs of an asthma attack, potentially reducing severity or frequency of episodes.



Asthma:

Limitations:

- Hypnotherapy does not address the underlying inflammatory or bronchodilators, and allergen avoidance remain essential. allergic components of asthma. Inhaled corticosteroids,
- Evidence is mixed, with small sample sizes in studies and variable outcomes. It's not effective for all patients, particularly those with severe or poorly controlled asthma.
- Not a substitute for emergency asthma management or rescue inhalers.



Asthma:

Limitations:

- Suitable for patients with mild to moderate asthma where stress or anxiety is a clear trigger, or for those seeking complementary approaches to improve symptom control.
- protocols and coordinates with the patient's asthma action plan. •Ensure the hypnotherapist is experienced in asthma-specific











Depression (Mild to Moderate):

- Potential Benefits: Hypnotherapy can support mood improvement by addressing negative thought patterns, enhancing relaxation, and reinforcing coping strategies. Some studies, like those reviewed in the Journal of Clinical Psychology (2009), suggest hypnosis as an adjunct to cognitive-behavioral therapy (CBT) can improve outcomes for mild to moderate depression.
- depression or in cases with suicidal ideation. It should complement • Limitations: Not suitable as a standalone treatment for severe psychotherapy or medication.



Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD):

- small studies (e.g., American Journal of Clinical Hypnosis, 2014) hyperarousal, and improve emotional regulation. Evidence from Potential Benefits: Hypnotherapy, particularly trauma-focused techniques, can help process traumatic memories, reduce supports its use as part of a broader trauma therapy plan.
- Limitations: Requires a hypnotherapist with specialized training in trauma. Not suitable for acute or severe PTSD without concurrent psychiatric care.



Tinnitus:

- intensity of tinnitus and associated distress by promoting relaxation International Tinnitus Journal found hypnosis improved quality of •Potential Benefits: Hypnotherapy may reduce the perceived and shifting focus away from the sound. A 2015 study in life in some tinnitus patients.
- Limitations: Does not eliminate tinnitus but may help with coping. Effectiveness depends on patient suggestibility.



Skin Conditions (e.g., Psoriasis, Eczema):

- Venereologica, 1995) suggest hypnosis may reduce itching and conditions, and hypnotherapy can reduce stress and improve Potential Benefits: Stress exacerbates many dermatological symptom management. Case studies (e.g., Acta Dermatoimprove skin appearance in stress-related flare-ups.
- Limitations: Not a cure; must be paired with dermatological treatments (e.g., topical steroids).



Addiction (Beyond Smoking):

- motivation, addressing triggers, and promoting coping strategies. Potential Benefits: Hypnotherapy may support recovery from substance use disorders (e.g., alcohol, opioids) by reinforcing Limited studies, like those in American Journal of Clinical Hypnosis (2011), suggest benefits in relapse prevention.
- Limitations: Not a primary treatment; most effective within a comprehensive addiction program (e.g., counseling, support groups).



Eating Disorders (e.g., Binge Eating, Bulimia):

- International Journal of Eating Disorders, 2007) indicate hypnosis •Potential Benefits: Hypnotherapy can address emotional triggers, body image issues, and impulse control. Small studies (e.g., may reduce binge episodes when combined with therapy.
- Limitations: Not suitable as a standalone treatment; requires coordination with specialized eating disorder treatment.



Sexual Dysfunction:

- •Potential Benefits: Hypnotherapy can address psychological factors relaxation and confidence. Case reports in Journal of Sex & Marital like performance anxiety, low libido, or vaginismus by promoting Therapy (2006) suggest benefits for psychogenic sexual dysfunction.
- •Limitations: Ineffective for purely physiological causes (e.g., hormonal imbalances). Requires coordination with medical evaluation



Menopause Symptoms:

- relaxation. A 2013 study in Menopause found hypnosis reduced hot sweats, and sleep disturbances by addressing stress and promoting Potential Benefits: Hypnotherapy may reduce hot flashes, night flash frequency and severity.
- Limitations: Not a replacement for hormone therapy or medical management when indicated.



Enuresis (Bedwetting):

- •Potential Benefits: Hypnotherapy can help children and adults with nocturnal enuresis by addressing anxiety, improving bladder control awareness, and reinforcing positive behaviors. Studies (e.g., Pediatrics, 1998) show modest success in children.
- Limitations: Less effective for physiological causes; medical evaluation (e.g., urological issues) is essential.

some musculoskeletal issues and replacement had stroke causing 90 y/o man s/p aortic valve difficulty with voiding 8-20-25









Chemotherapy-Induced Nausea and Vomiting:

- in Oncology demonstrated reduced nausea in cancer patients using and improve coping with chemotherapy side effects. A 2007 study •Potential Benefits: Hypnotherapy can reduce anticipatory nausea hypnosis.
- •Limitations: Does not address all chemotherapy side effects; requires integration with antiemetic medications

IMPACTS THE BELIEF SYSTEM THE WORD LIMITATION BEWAREI

Capture and shift the Belief System Including your own!













